Semester	III
Paper Number	
No. of credits	5 + 1
Paper Title	MAEDCR31: Educational Technology
Theory/ Composite	Composite
No. of periods assigned per week	5 Theory and 1 Practicum
Course descriptive/	This course is designed to make the students aware about the advancement of
objective	technology and its application in the different field of education viz. Teaching
	and learning, evaluation, administration, development of course etc.
	It is expected that after completion of the course the students will be able to:
	• Use internet technologies efficiently to access remote information, communicate and collaborate with others
	 Develop skills in using various web 2.0 and e-learning tools define the concept of Educational Technology
	• Classify the models of educational technologies
	• Explain the emerging trends and role of educational technology in an instructional environment;
	 Discuss the application of educational technology in education, in general and in the teaching-learning process in particular Apply the e-learning approaches of educational technology for learning.
	 Discuss the implications of various theories and principles of learning while teaching and training with technology
	 Define learning from the viewpoint of different schools of thoughts Examine the implications of constructivism in teaching-learning process
	 Create E portfolios, online and offline assessment tools in education
	• Use ICT in improving educational administration
Syllabus	Module 1: (30 marks)
	Unit-I: Basics of Educational Technology (ET)
	 Information Technology, Communication Technology & Information and Communication Technology (ICT) and Instructional Technology

•	Applications of Educational Technology in formal, non-formal (Open and Distance Learning)
•	Informal and Inclusive Education Systems
Unit-	II: Psychological Theories and Instructional Design
•	Behaviourist, Cognitive and Constructivist Theories and their implications to Instructional Design: (Skinner, Piaget, Ausubel, Bruner, Vygotsky) Relationship between Learning Theories and Instructional Strategies
	(for large and small groups, formal and non-formal groups)
Unit-	III: Different Models of Educational Technology
•	Systems Approach to Instructional Design Models of Development of Instructional Design (ADDIE, ASSURE, Dick and Carey Model Mason¢) Gagne¢s Nine Events of Instruction and Five E¢s of Constructivism Nine Elements of Constructivist Instructional Design
Unit-	IV: Application of Computers in Education
•	CAI, CAL, CBT, CML, Concept, Process of preparing ODLM, Concept of e learning Approaches to e-learning (Offline, Online, Synchronous, Asynchronous, Blended learning, mobile learning)
	ıle 2: (30 marks) V: Emerging Trends in e-learning-1
•	Social learning: concept, use of web 2.0 tools for learning, social networking sites, blogs, chats, video conferencing, discussion forum Open Education Resources (Creative Common, Massive Open Online Courses
•	Concept and application), E-Inclusion - Concept of E-Inclusion, Learning Management System, Mobile learning
Unit-	VI: Emerging Trends in e-learning-2
•	Application of Assistive technology in E-learning Quality of E-Learning-Measuring quality of system: Information, System, Service User Satisfaction and Net Benefits (D&M IS Success Model, 2003), Ethical Issues for E-Learner and E-Teacher -Teaching, Learning and Research
Unit-	VII: Application of Educational Technology
•	Use of ICT in Evaluation, Administration and Research: E portfolios, ICT for Research -Online Repositories and Online Libraries, Online and Offline assessment tools (Online survey tools or test generators)ó Concept and Development.
Unit-	VIII: Some advance issues related to ICT:

	• Multimedia: meaning, types, advantages and evaluation of multimedia
	resources
	Open Educational Resources: meaning and importance, various OERs initiatives
	• Digital behaviour and critical issues: digital etiquettes, intellectual copyright, internet safety, internet addiction
	• Government plans/policies and initiatives: National Policy on Information and Communication Technology (ICT) in School Education (2012), National Mission on Education through Information and Communication Technology (ICT), ICT @ School etc.
Mode of Transact ion	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem solving, Film Show, Report, MOOC
Practicum	Any one:
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1. Complete any free MOOC course from SWAYAM/ equivalent
	platform and write a report on the educational implications
	2. Prepare a critical report on the various ICTs used for education in
	Chitrabani, EMMRC, Kolkata or any other reputed and recognized institute
	of education providing multimedia education 3. Prepare a self-instructional material on the use of various ICTs in the
	teaching of a particular topic in a particular discipline in the secondary or
	higher secondary level of a school
Readings	• Anderson, T. (2004). The theory and practice of online learning. Edmonton, Canada: AU Press, Athabasca University.
	 Beetham, H., & Sharpe, R. (2007). Rethinking Pedagogy for a Digital
	Age. New York, USA: Routledge Publication.
	 Bharihok Deepak. (2000). Fundamentals of Information Technology. Pentagon Press: New Delhi
	• Burnett, C., G. Merchant, and B. Parry, eds. 2016. Literacy, Media and Technology: Past, Present and Future. London: Bloomsbury
	• Bhushan, A. and Ahuja, M. (1992) Educational Technology - Theory and Practice in Teaching Learning Process. MT: Vivek Prakshan.
	 Clarke, A. (2008). E-Learning Skills. New York, USA: Palgrave Macmillan Publication.
	• Collis, B. (1996). Tele-Learning: From Television to the World Wide
	Web and Beyond. JALN.COL (2005). Creating Learning Materials for Open and Distance
	Learning: A Handbook for Authors and Instructional Designers.
	Commonwealth of Learning available at
	http://oasis.col.org/bitstream/handle/11599/43/odlinstdesignHB.pdf?se quence=1&isAllowed=y
	• Conrad, Keri (2001). Instructional Design for Web based Training.
	HRD Press
	Crumlish Christian (1999). The Internet No Experience Required. BPB Dublicational New Dalhi
	 Publications: New Delhi Evant, M: The International Encyclopedia of Educational Technology.
	- Evant, wi. The international Encyclopedia of Educational recinitology.

	• Hooker M (2009) Concept Note: The Use of ICT in Teacher
	Professional Development, Accessed on 16th January 2016
	fromhttp://www.gesci.org/old/files/docman/TPD_Workshop-
	Concept_Note.doc
	• Ellington H, Percival. F & Race. P (2005). Handbook of Educational
	Technology, Third Edition, London: Kogan Page Ltd.
	• Ge, X., Ifenthaler, D., & Spector, J. M. (Eds.). (2015). Emerging
	technologies for STEAM education: Full STEAM ahead. Springer.
	• Harasim, L. (2012). Learning theory and online technologies. New
	York, USA: Routledge Publication.
	• Kulkarni, S.S. (1986). Introduction to Educational Technology, New
	Delhi: Oxford & IBH publishing Co.
	• Kumar, K. L. (1996). Educational Technology, New Delhi: New Age
	International.
	 Leithwood, K., & Mcadie, P. (2006). Teaching for deep understanding.
	California, USA: Corwin Press, Sage Publication.
	 Levinson, M. (2010). From fear to Facebook: one school's journey.
	International Society for Technology in Education.
	 Loveless, A., & Ellis, V. (2001). ICT, Pedagogy and the Curriculum.
	New York, USA: Routledge Publication.
	 Maier, P., Barnett, L. Warren, A., Brunner, D. (1998). Using
	Technology in Teaching and Learning. London: Kogan.
	 Michael Spector, J. (2014). Foundations of Educational Technology.
	New York, USA: Routledge Publication.
	 Mirabito, Michael M.A. (1994). New Communication Technologies,
	Boston: Focal Press.
	 Mohanty, (1992). Educational Technology', Delhi: Deep and Deep
	Publication.
	 Naidoo, Vis (2003): ICT in Education Policy: Reflecting on Key
	• Naldoo, Vis (2003): ICT in Education Policy: Reflecting on Key Issues, COL, Vancouver; Canada.
Evaluation	Practicum: 20 Marks
	Continuous Internal Assessment: 20 marks
	End- Semester Theory Examination: 60 marks
Paper	Full Marks: 60 Time: 3 Hours
Structure for	Common Instructions:
End Semester	 Answers should be based on critical reflection (knowledge,
	comprehension, application, analysis, synthesis and evaluation)
	 Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far
	as practicable
	Group A (From Module 1)
	I. Critical Essay: Answer any two questions out of four questions (2)
	$x \ 10 = 20)$
	II. Critical Short Notes: Answer any two questions out of four
	questions ($2 \times 5 = 10$)
	Group B (From Module 2)
	III. Critical Essay: Answer any two questions out of four questions (2
	$x \ 10 = 20)$

IV.	Critical Short Notes: Answer any two questions out of four
	questions $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

Semester	III
Paper Number	
No. of credits	5 + 1
Paper Title	MAEDCR32: Advanced Research Methodology in Education – II
Theory/ Composite	Composite
No. of periods	5 Theory and 1 Practicum
assigned per week	
Course descriptive/	On completion of this course, the students will be able to:
objective	On completion of this course, the students will be able to.
	 Understand the role and use of statistics in educational research. Test hypotheses by using different statistical techniques. Select the appropriate statistical methods in educational research. Use computers for data analysis. Develop ability to use statistical methods for analysis of research data. Analyse quantitative data of educational research based on types of measurement. Analyze qualitative data in educational research.
Syllabus	Module 1: (30 marks)
	Unit I: Statistics in Educational Research
	 Definition and need of Statistics in Educational research Scales of Measurement: Nominal, Ordinal, Ratio and Interval Normal Probability Curve: An Introduction Central Limit theorem Population Mean, Sample mean and its estimation Parametric and Non-Parametric Testing: Introduction
	Unit II– NPC, Significance of the mean and Computer Aided Research Techniques
	 Normal Probability Curve Definition Skewness and Kurtosis Characteristics Practical Applications Normal Distribution, -#øDistribution, -FøDistribution and ²-Distribution. Test of significance ó Confidence Limit, significance testing and interpretation.

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	Concept of Errors- Type I and Type II, One tailed and two tailed tests.
•	Use of computers for Data Analysis
	 Encoding and Decoding data
	 Using EXCEL, SPSS, NVivo
	• Interpretation of Data
	•
Unit I	II: Descriptive Statistics
•	Organization of Data
	• Meaning of data
	• Methods of organizing data
	 Statistical tables
	 Rank Order E Distribution (Construction)
	 Frequency Distribution (Concept,
	construction, Intervals, Range, Classes,
	cumulative frequency, and cumulative
	percentage frequency)
	Graphical Representation of Data
	• Graphical distribution of ungrouped: bar graph, bar
	diagram, circle graph of pie diagram, pictograms, line graphs
	 Graphical distribution of grouped data: histogram,
	frequency polygon, cumulative frequency graph and
	ogive (cumulative frequency percentage curve)
	Measures of central tendency: mean, median, mode of
	grouped and ungrouped data
•	Measures of relative position ó Quartiles, Deciles,
	Percentile, percentile rank and standard score
•	Measures of variability: range, quartile deviation, average
	deviation and standard deviation of ungrouped and grouped
	data
Unit I	V: Inferential Statistics, Correlation and Regression
•	Parametric testing
	o z-test
	• t ótest (two-tailed and one-tailed test)
	 Analysis of Variance (ANOVA)
	 Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA)
	 Multivariate Analysis of Variance (MANOVA)
•	Non-Parametric testing
	• Chi Square test (test of independence, goodness-of-
	fit test)
	• Median test
	 Sign Test
	 Kruskal-Wallis test/H-test
	 Mann-Whitney U test
•	Correlation and Regression
	 Product moment Method

	 Rank Difference Method Scatter Diagram Methods Partial Correlation Multiple Correlation Biserial Correlation Point biserial Correlation Regression equation and Regression Analysis Prediction and its use
	Preparation of Dissertation Proposal Report and Seminar Presentation with title, Significance of the study, brief review of related studies, research question/objectives/hypotheses, study design and/or probable analysis, and educational implication (Follow APA).
Mode of Transaction	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem solving, Documentary, Report, Use of Computer Software Technologies
Practicum	 The students may undertake any one of the following activities: A critical assessment of statistical techniques used in a research report Preparation of graphical representations of data obtained in a research study Selection and description of appropriate statistical technique(s) for answering a research question or for testing a given hypothesis Analysis of data using Statistical Packages like SPSS, Excel etc
Readings	Reference Books
	 Agarwal, Y.P. (1998). Statistical Methods, Sterling, New Delhi. Best J. W. (1986). Research in Education, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. Fraenkel, J. R., Wallen, N.E. (1983). How to Design and Evaluate Research in Education, Singapore: McGraw Hill, Inc. Garrett, H. E. (1973). Statistics in psychology and Education, Vakils, Feffer and Simon, Bombay. Gupta, Santosh (1983). Research Methodology and Statistical Techniques, New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publisher. K. V. S. Sharma, Statistics made Simple Do it Yourself on PC; New Delhi , Prentice Hall of India Private India Limited, 2001.

	• Kaul, Lokesh (1984). Methodology of Educational
	Research, New Delhi: Vikas Publications.
	• Kurtz, A. K. and Mayo S. T. (1980). Statistical Methods in
	Education and Psychology, Narola, New Delhi.
	• Rajamanikram, M. (2001). Statistical Methods in
	Psychological and Educational Research New Delhi,
	Concept Publishing Company.
	• Srivastava, G. N. P. (1994). Advanced Research
	Methodology, New Delhi: Radha Publications.
	 Willis, Jerry W. (2007). Foundations of Qualitative
	Research: Interpretive and Critical Approaches. SAGE
	Publication.
Evaluation	Practicum : 20 Marks
Lvaluation	Tracticum . 20 Marks
	Continuous Internal Assessment: 20 marks
	Module 1:
	End- Semester Theory Examination: 30 marks
	Module 2:
	20
	30 marks (Internal): Preparation of Research Proposal (15 Marks)
	Written Proposal and its Presentation (15 Marks)
Paper Structure for	Full Marks: 30 Time: 1.5 Hours
End Semester	Common Instructions:
	• Answers should be based on critical reflection (knowledge,
	comprehension, application, analysis, synthesis and
	evaluation)
	• For questions based on numericals, step-by-step explanation
	of the process and formula used and interpretation of the
	result along with educational implications is required
	• Candidates are required to give their answers in their own
	words as far as practicable
	• Technical terms should be defined and explained with
	clarity, precision, accuracy, breadth, depth and logic
	I. Critical Essay with Numerical Problems: Answer any
	two questions out of four questions ($2 \times 10 = 20$)
	II. Critical Short Notes with Numerical Problems:
	Answer any two questions out of four questions (2 x 5
1	=10)

Semester	III
Paper Number	
No. of credits	5 + 1

Paper Title	MAEDCR33: Inclusive Education
Theory/ Composite	Composite
No. of periods	5 Theory and 1 Practicum
assigned per week	
Course descriptive/	The students will be able to :
objective	
	 Understand the concept of exceptional children and their need. Developmental characteristics of children with special needs- visually and hearing impaired, slow learners, mentally retarded & gifted children, learning disabled, autistic children & children with cerebral palsy. Educational management for inclusive setting. Develop understanding of the rationale behind Inclusion/ why of Inclusion
	 Understand the concept and significance of inclusion Acquire understanding of who needs to be included Understand the role of various policies and planning for Inclusion Understand the importance of the role of Education for Inclusion
Syllabus	Module 1: (30 marks) Unit-I: Concept and Need for Inclusion
	-
	 Difference between special education, integrated education and inclusive education. Philosophical, Sociological, Economical and
	Humanitarian dimensions of inclusive education
	• Advantages of inclusive education for the individual and
	society.Recommendations of Education Commissions and
	Committees on restructuring policies and practices to
	respond to diversity in educational situations
	National and International initiatives for inclusive
	education with reference to policy and law.
	 Inclusion, sustainability and quality enhancement
	Inclusion and Globalization
	Unit II. Koy Floments of Inclusion
	 Unit II: Key Elements of Inclusion Attitudes and values affecting Inclusion
	 Attributes and values affecting inclusion Understanding the process of inclusion
	 Role of accessible and flexible curricula for Inclusion
	Role of Education for Inclusion
	Psychology for Special Needs
	Unit III: Strategic Planning and Policy Reforms

	 Various International policies reflecting Inclusive Education: An overview
	• Role of Educational Planners and Policymakers for
	Inclusion
	Strategies and Steps towards InclusionStrategic Planning for Inclusion
	 Legal and policy perspectives- Important international
	declarations / conventions / proclamations- BMF (1993-
	2012), recommendations of the Salamanca Statement and Framework of Action (1994), UNCRPD (2006).
	• National initiatives for inclusive education ó National
	Policy on Education (1968, 1986),POA 1992, Education in the National Policy on Disability (2006), RTE Act (2009). RPWD act 2016
	• Special role of institutions for the education of children
	with disabilities- RCI, National Institute of Different Disabilities
	Unit-IV: Preparation for Inclusive Education
	• Concept and meaning of diverse needs
	• Building inclusive learning friendly classrooms: overcoming barriers for inclusion, concept of LRE
	• Role of teachers, resource teachers, family and other
	community members for supporting inclusion of children with diverse needs
	• Problems in inclusion in the real classroom situations; ways
	for overcoming the problems in inclusionsSkills and competencies of teachers and teacher educators
	for secondary education in inclusive settings
	• Teacher preparation for inclusive education in the light of NCF, 2005
	• Role of different national and international agencies (institutions, universities) in promoting inclusive education
	Module 2: (30 marks)
	Unit-V: Exceptional children & their needs
	Definition, concept and types of exceptionalityCauses of exceptionality
	 Concept of impairment, disability and handicap
	 Needs and problem of exceptional children
	Unit VI: Visually and Hearing-Impaired Children
	 Causes and characteristics of sensory impairment ó visual & auditory
	• Identification of visually and hearing impaired children
	 Educational provisions for visually and hearing-impaired children
L	

	 Unit VII: Slow learners, Mentally retarded & Gifted Children Slow learners - Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of slow learner children Mentally retarded- Meaning, types and causes of Mental retardation. Identification, characteristics, and education of mentally retarded children Gifted- Meaning, causes, characteristics and education of gifted children
	Unit VIII: Learning Disabled, Autistic & Cerebral Palsy Children
	 Learning disabled - Meaning, types and causes of Learning Disability, Reading and Spelling difficulty Characteristics and Measurement of Learning Disability Education of Learning Disabilit
	 Autistic - Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of autistic children, Autism Research and Practice Cerebral Palsy - Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of children with Cerebral Palsy
Mode of	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem
Transaction Practicum	solving, Film Show, Report Report on a visit to a school practicing inclusion and identifying
Practicum	and studying the Educational programme for the specific individual or group of learning-disabled students
Readings	 Educating Exceptional Children ó S.K. Mangal Inclusive Education ó Loreman, Deppeler & Harvey Inclusive Education for children with special needs ó Neena Dash Byatikromi Sishu ó Bishnupada Nanda & Sarawata Jama
Evaluation	Practicum: 20 Marks Continuous Internal Assessment: 20 marks End- Semester Theory Examination: 60 marks
Paper Structure for	Full Marks: 60 Time: 3 Hours
End Semester	Common Instructions:
	• Answers should be based on critical reflection (knowledge, comprehension, application, analysis, synthesis and evaluation)
	 Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable Crown A (From Module 1)
	Group A (From Module 1) I. Critical Essay: Answer any two questions out of four questions (2 x 10 = 20)
	II. Critical Short Notes: Answer any two questions out of four questions (2 x 5 =10)
	Group B (From Module 2)III.Critical Essay: Answer any two questions out of four questions (2 x 10 = 20)

IV.	Critical Short Notes: Answer any two questions out of
	four questions $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

Semester	III	
Paper Number No. of credits	5 . 1	
	5 + 1 MAEDDS34: History of Education in West Bengal	
Paper Title		
Theory/ Composite	Composite	
No. of periods	5 Theory and 1 Practicum	
assigned per week		
Course descriptive/	The students will be able to-	
objective	 Educational history of West Bengal. Academic structures of different educational sectors. Administrative structures of education in different levels. Recent development and trends of education in West Bengal 	
Syllabus	Module 1: (30 marks)	
	 Unit-I: Educational History of Bengal Education of Ancient, Medieval Period Educational Conditions of Bengal during early medieval period. Educational developments in Bengal under the rules of Senas Condition of Education in Pre-Colonial Bengal. Unit II: Educational History during Colonial Period of Bengal Education in Bengal during Colonial Period of Bengal Education in Bengal during Colonial Period of Features Bengal renaissance Missionary Activities in Education Unit III: Education in West Bengal after Independence Education in Bengal after Independence of Features Eminent Education Sof Bengal Notable Institutions of Bengal Different Education Commissions and Committees in West Bengal. Unit IV: Recent Initiatives in Education of West Bengal SSA of RMSA, KGBV, EMRS Incentive Schemes of Kanyashree, Sikshashree, Sahui Sathi 	
	 SSA ó RMSA, KGBV, EMRS Incentive Schemes ó Kanyashree, Sikshashree, Sabuj Sathi, Grants ó Prematric - Postmatric - Minority Scholarship, Non-NET fellowship for M.Phil & Ph.D Scholars, Uniform- 	

	Shoe-Umbrella- Books Grants.		
	Module 2: (30 marks)		
	Unit-V: School Education		
	West Bengal Board of Primary Education Structure, Curriculum,		
	 West Bengal Board of Madrasah Education 		
	 Secondary & Higher Secondary Education - Structure, 		
	Curriculum		
	Rabindra Mukta Vidhyalaya		
	Different Statutory Bodies, Boards, Councils		
	Unit VI: Higher Education		
	 Higher Education Higher Education - Structure, Colleges, Universities, 		
	Institute, Research Institutes, Centre (IIT, IIM,ISI, CSSSC, IISER)		
	Courses Offered, Evaluation System		
	Unit VII: Teacher Education		
	• Teacher Education ó Dl.Ed, B.Ed, M.Ed		
	Structure, Universities, Curriculum		
	Unit VIII: Academic Structure of Education in Different Sectors		
	• Others Sectors - Structure, Universities, Curriculum-		
	 Mass Education, 		
	• Lifelong & Continuing Education		
	 Vocational Education, Madical Education 		
	 Medical Education, Technical Education 		
	 Agricultural Education 		
	 Judicial Education 		
	 Open & Distance Education 		
Mode of	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem		
Transaction	solving, Film Show, Report		
Practicum	A Report on any one of the following topics:		
	• A critical study of the present contribution of Christian		
	Education to West Bengal		
	• A comparative study between schools run by any two		
Daadinga	religious denominations in West Bengal today		
Readings	Reyhner, J (2004). History of Indian Education, Vohra Publishers		
	 Ray, Niharranjan (1950). BangalirItihasa: Adi Parva, 		
	Calcutta		
	• Sengupta, N.K. (2001). History of Bengali- Speaking		
	People, UBS Publisherøs Distribution.		
	• Sharma, R (2006) .History of Indian Education, Shubhi		

	Pu	ublishers.	
Evaluation	Practicum: 20 Marks		
		us Internal Assessment: 20 marks	
	End-Sem	nester Theory Examination: 60 marks	
Paper Structure for		ks: 60 Time: 3 Hours	
End Semester	Common	Instructions:	
	cc	nswers should be based on critical reflection (knowledge, omprehension, application, analysis, synthesis and valuation)	
	• Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable		
	Group A (From Module 1)		
	I.	Critical Essay: Answer any two questions out of four questions $(2 \times 10 = 20)$	
	II.	Critical Short Notes: Answer any two questions out of four questions $(2 \times 5 = 10)$	
	Group B (From Module 2)		
	III.	Critical Essay: Answer any two questions out of four	
		questions $(2 \times 10 = 20)$	
	IV.	Critical Short Notes: Answer any two questions out of four questions $(2 \times 5 = 10)$	

Semester	III	
Paper Number		
No. of credits	5 + 1	
Paper Title	MAEDDS35: Comparative Education	
Theory/ Composite	Composite	
No. of periods	5 Theory and 1 Practicum	
assigned per week		
Course descriptive/	The students will be able to-	
objective	 understand the concept, scope, need, and importance of Comparative Education understand Comparative Education as a discipline compare Comparative Education and International Education understand the factors and forces of Comparative Education develop understanding of the system of education in India and developed countries, and develop the sense of international understanding Know the problems of developing countries (SAARC), their causes and solutions through education. Describe the development of the field of Comparative Education. 	

	Gain Knowledge about the history of Comparative Education.
	Understand the methods of Comparative
	Education.
	• Identify the field of Comparative Education and its related areas for
	studies.
	 Understand different approaches within
	Comparative Education
	• Develop skill to use and valuate different
	methods in comparative studies.
	• Understand the principles behind analyses of
	educational systems in different countries.
Syllabus	Module 1: (30 marks)
	Unit-I: Concept of Comparative Education
	Genesis and Development of Comparative Education
	Concept and scope of Comparative Education
	Aims and Purpose of Comparative Education
	Utility and limitation of Comparative Education
	Challenges facing the Study of Comparative Education
	Current trends and practices in Comparatives Education
	Importance of Comparative EducationComparative Education as an Academic Discipline
	 Comparison between Comparative Education and
	International Education
	Unit II: Methods Comparative Education
	Methods in Comparative Education-
	 Description
	• Interpretation
	o Juxtaposition
	• Comparison
	Unit III: Approaches Comparative Education
	Approaches of Comparative Education
	Systematic Area Studies Approach George Z.F Bereday
	Problem approach Brian Holmes Scientific method Nach# and Echacin#
	 Scientific method Noahøs and Eckseinøs. Historical Approach Nicholas Hans
	Historical Approach Nicholas Hans.Cross Disciplinary Approaches used in Comparative
	Education
	UNIT IV: Influences and Impact of Various Factors on
	Development of the Education System
	A Comparative Perspective:
	Philosophical & Religious
	 Socio-cultural & Economical

Γ	
	Geographical & Political
	Lingual & Technological
	Module 2: (30 marks)
	Unit-V: Boundaries of Comparative education
	• Equality of education
	Normative boundaries
	• Poverty
	• Unemployment
	Population
	Explosion
	Terrorism Uliteracy
	• Illiteracy
	Unit VI: National Perspectives
	• Primary Education: West Bengal and other States of India
	• Secondary Education: West Bengal and other States of India
	 Higher Education: West Bengal and other States of India Teacher Education: West Bengal and other States of India
	 Teacher Education: West Bengal and other States of India Adult Education: West Bengal and other States of India
	 Vocational Education: West Bengal and other States of India
	Unit VII: Problems Prevailing in Developing (SAARC)
	Countries with Special Reference to India, Their Causes and
	Solution through Education
	Primary Education: SAARC Countries and India
	Secondary Education: SAARC Countries and India
	Higher Education: SAARC Countries and India
	Teacher Education: SAARC Countries and India
	Adult Education: SAARC Countries and India
	Vocational Education: SAARC Countries and India
	Unit VIII: Comparative Study of Educational Systems among Different Countries and India
	• Primary Education: USA, UK, Finland, Japan, and India
	• Secondary Education: USA, Russia, and India
	• Higher Education: UK, France, and India
	• Teacher Education: USA, Germany, Japan, Finland and
	India A data Educations Acatualia, Ducail, and India
	Adult Education: Australia, Brazil, and India
Mode of	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem
Transaction Practicum	solving, Film Show, Seminar
	Seminar on comparative analysis of education system of any two countries : USA, Canada, Australia, Finland, UK, European
	Countries, Japan, any SAARC Countries, any ASEAN Countries
L	

Readings	• Andrey, A. & Howard N. (1978). Developing curriculum: A
	practical Guide. London: George Allen and Unwin.
	• Baradey, G.Z.F. (1964). Comparative methods in education.
	New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
	• Cramer, I.F. & Brown, G.S. (1965). Contemporary
	education: A comparative study of National System. New
	York: Harcourt Brace & Company.
	• Dent, H.C. (1981). Educational system of England. London: George Allen and Unwon.
	• Denis, L. (1986). School curriculum planning. London: Hodder ad Stoughton.
	• Edward, A. K. (1960). The secondary schools curriculum.
	New York: Harper and Row Publishers.
	• Hans, N. (1961). Comparative education. London:
	Routledge and Kegan Paul
	• Harold A. & Elsic, J. A. (1957). The curriculum. New York: The MacMillan Company.
	• International encyclopedia of curriculum. (1991) London:
	Pergamon Oxford.
	• Sodhi T.S. (1988). A text book of comparative education
	New Delhi: Association of Indian Universities, IGNOU.
	• Kandel, I.L. (1963). Studies in comparative education. New
	York: George Harrup.
	• Parmaji, S, (1984). Distance education, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.,
	• Reddy, R. G. (1988). Studies in Distance Education
	Association of Indian Universities, Delhi New: IGNOU.
	• William, M. A. (1966). Planning curriculum for schools. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston.
	• A textbook of Comparative Education: Philosophy, patterns and problems of national systems: (UK, USA, USSR, INDIA), T.S Sodhi, ISBN-13: 978-0706922257.
	 Aggarwal and Biswas: Comparative Education Arya Book Depot, Delhi.
	 Altbach, P.G.Trends in Comparative Education. In:
	Comparative Education• Review, 35(3)
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Evaluation	Practicum: 20 Marks
L'valuation	Continuous Internal Assessment: 20 marks
	End- Semester Theory Examination: 60 marks
Paper Structure for	Full Marks: 60 Time: 3 Hours
End Semester	Common Instructions:
	• Answers should be based on critical reflection (knowledge,
	comprehension, application, analysis, synthesis and
	evaluation)
	• Candidates are required to give their answers in their own
	words as far as practicable
	Group A (From Module 1)
	I. Critical Essay: Answer any two questions out of four
	questions $(2 \times 10 = 20)$
	II. Critical Short Notes: Answer any two questions out of
	four questions (2 x 5 =10)
	Group B (From Module 2)
	Stoup D (110m trouble D)

III.	Critical Essay: Answer any two questions out of four
	questions $(2 \times 10 = 20)$
IV.	Critical Short Notes: Answer any two questions out of
	four questions $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

Semester	III	
Paper Number		
No. of credits	5 + 1	
Paper Title	MAEDDS36: Pedagogy, Andragogy and Heutagogy	
Theory/ Composite	Composite	
No. of periods	5 Theory and 1 Practicum	
assigned per week		
Course descriptive/	• To understand the concept of new-learning and the principles	
objective	and patterns of pedagogy	
	• To analyze the educational implications of Paolo Freireøs	
	Pedagogy of the Oppressed	
	• Analyzing the concept and principles of Andragogy	
	• Synthesizing and reinventing the andragogical syllabus	
	 Understanding the concept and impact of heutagogy 	
	 Identifying the features of self-determined learning 	
	• Evaluating the role of technology in driving changes and	
	innovation	
	 Identifying the frameworks using heutagogical principles in 	
	creating life-long learners	
Syllabus		
e.	Module 1: (30 marks)	
	Unit-I: New Learning: Principles of Education Curriculum	
	and Pedagogy	
	Patterns of Pedagogy	
	• Education in a state of flux	
	• Didactic, authentic and transformative learning	
	Unit II: Paulo Freire's Pedagogy of the Oppressed	
	Banking Concept	
	Passive and Active Learning	
	• Culture of Silence, Social-Praxis and theory of oppression	
	Sources of Liberation	
	• Critical Awareness and Education as a practice of freedom	
	Education as domination	
	Education for humanization	
	Unit III: Concept and Principles of Andragogy	
	• Syllabus as frames and discussions	
	• Syllabus as contact	
	• Syllabus as a power instrument	
	Syllabus as communication/signaling device	
	Syllabus as collaboration	
	Unit IV: Reinventing the syllabus	
	 Practice with and ragogical syllabus 	

	Pedagogical vs Andragogical syllabus (Risks and Payoff)	
	Module 2: (30 marks)	
	Unit-V: Principles of Heutagogy	
	Concept of HeutagogyReview of Literature on Heutagogy	
	 Review of Eliferature on Heutagogy Challenges facing institutions today 	
	Unit VI: Self-determined learning	
	 Features of self-determined learning (Hase and Kenyon) 	
	Educational implications of self-determined learning	
	Unit VII: Technology driving change and innovation	
	Social media	
	Massive Open Online Courses	
	• Personal Learning Environments (PLE)	
	Prior Learning Assessment (PLA)	
	Competency based curriculum and e-portfolios	
	• Digital Badges	
	Flipped Classrooms	
	Unit VIII: Creating life-long learners	
	Reconstructing frameworks for the changes ahead	
	 Policymakers 	
	• Teachers	
Mode of	• Learners	
Transaction	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem solving, Film Show, Action Research, Book Review	
Practicum	Action Research on Principles of Heutagogy used in the training	
	programme for adult learners	
	Or	
	Critical book review of õPedagogy of the Oppressedö by Paulo	
Deadings	Freire	
Readings	Deceeco J. P. (1970). <i>The Psychology of Learning and Instructional Technology</i> . New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India.	
	 Flanders N. (1971). Analysing Teaching Behaviour. London: 	
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	Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.	
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	 York: Cambridge University Press Schon, D. (1987). <i>Educating the Reflective Practitioner</i>. San 	
	 Schon, D. (1987). Educating the Reflective Practitioner. San Francisco: Jossey ó Bass. 	
	Francisco: Jossey o Bass.	

Evaluation	Practicum: 20 Marks		
	Continuous Internal Assessment: 20 marks		
	End- Semester Theory Examination: 60 marks		
Paper Structure for	Full Marks: 60 Time: 3 Hours		
End Semester	Common Instructions:		
	• Answers should be based on critical reflection (ki comprehension, application, analysis, synthesis a evaluation)	0	
	 Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable Group A (From Module 1) 		
	I. Critical Essay: Answer any two questions or questions $(2 \times 10 = 20)$	ut of four	
	II. Critical Short Notes: Answer any two quest four questions (2 x 5 =10)	tions out of	
	Group B (From Module 2)		
	III. Critical Essay: Answer any two questions of questions $(2 \times 10 = 20)$	ut of four	
	IV. Critical Short Notes: Answer any two quest four questions $(2 \times 5 = 10)$	ions out of	